

## African Plants

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### Taxonomy

<b>Scientific Name</b>	<b>Conophytum fulleri L.Bolus</b>
<b>Higher Classification</b>	Dicotyledons
<b>Family</b>	AIZOACEAE
<b>Synonyms</b>	Conophytum wiesemannianum Schwantes

### National Status

<b>Status and Criteria</b>	<b>Least Concern</b>
<b>Assessment Date</b>	2015/06/10
<b>Assessor(s)</b>	A.J. Young
<b>Justification</b>	A range-restricted (EOO 1463 km <sup>2</sup> ), but locally very common species known from more than 10 locations. Although a few subpopulations are potentially threatened by habitat loss to mining, this species is not yet considered to be in danger of extinction.

### Distribution

<b>Endemism</b>	South African endemic
<b>Provincial distribution</b>	Northern Cape
<b>Range</b>	Bushmanland, from Pofadder to the Namiesberg.

### Habitat and Ecology

<b>Major system</b>	Terrestrial
<b>Major habitats</b>	Desert, Succulent Karoo
<b>Description</b>	Quartz outcrops, ridges and



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inselbergs.

## Threats

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One subpopulation on the Ghaamsberg is threatened by habitat loss to mining, and there are prospecting applications on some other inselbergs in the area, such as the Pellaberg. At present, mining is not a severe threat to this still very common species, but with increasing interest in mining in the area, it may become threatened in future.

## Population

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This species is locally abundant, and large populations occur on almost all quartz ridges in the area. The population is estimated to well exceed 10 000 mature individuals. One subpopulation is threatened by ongoing habitat loss and degradation due to mining, but the majority of the population is currently stable.

**Population trend** Stable

## Assessment History

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<b>Taxon assessed</b>	<b>Status and Criteria</b>	<b>Citation/Red List version</b>
Conophytum fullerii L.Bolus	<b>Least Concern</b>	Raimondo et al. (2009)

## Bibliography

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## Citation

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