

## African Plants

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## Wood's Cycad

### Taxonomy

<b>Scientific Name</b>	<b>Encephalartos woodii Sander</b>
<b>Higher Classification</b>	Gymnosperms
<b>Family</b>	ZAMIACEAE
<b>Common Names</b>	Broodbloom (a), Cycad (e), Wood's Cycad (e), Wood-se-broodbloom (a)

### National Status

<b>Status and Criteria</b>	<b>Extinct in the Wild</b>
<b>Assessment Date</b>	2009/10/31
<b>Assessor(s)</b>	J.S. Donaldson
<b>Justification</b>	The species was described from a single individual comprising several stems. No other plants were ever found. Some of the original stems were killed through bark harvesting and the last wild plants had been transferred to botanic gardens by 1916.

### Distribution

<b>Endemism</b>	South African endemic
<b>Provincial distribution</b>	KwaZulu-Natal
<b>Range</b>	Ngoye Forest.

### Habitat and Ecology

<b>Major system</b>	Terrestrial
<b>Major habitats</b>	Forest
<b>Description</b>	Forest.

Distribution map not available at present



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## Threats

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Extinct in the wild due to harvesting of bark for medicinal use.

## Population

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Last seen in the wild in 1916.

## Assessment History

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Taxon assessed	Status and Criteria	Citation/Red List version
Encephalartos woodii Sander	Extinct in the Wild	Raimondo et al. (2009)
Encephalartos woodii Sander	Extinct in the Wild	Scott-Shaw (1999)
Encephalartos woodii Sander	Extinct	Hilton-Taylor (1996)
Encephalartos woodii Sander	Extinct	Hall et al. (1980)

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## Citation

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