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Blue Cycad

Taxonomy

Scientific Name	Encephalartos nubimontanus P.J.H.Hurter
Higher Classification	Gymnosperms
Family	ZAMIACEAE
Synonyms	Encephalartos venetus
Common Names	Vorster Blue Cycad (e)

National Status

Status and Extinct in the Wild

Criteria

Assessment

Date

Assessor(s)

Justification

J.S. Donaldson
Surveys conducted in Limpopo province show a decline from 66 plants in the 1990s, to eight plants in 2001 and no recorded plants in 2004. As with other cycad species in Limpopo province it was mostly impacted by illegal collecting.

Distribution

Endemism	South African endemic
Provincial distribution	Limpopo
Range	Formerly occurred in the Mountains north of Penge.

Habitat and Ecology

Major system	Terrestrial
Major habitats	Grassland
Description	Steep cliffs in low open woodland.

Threats



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Like other cycad species in Limpopo province, *E. nubimontanus* was mostly impacted by illegal collecting.

Population

The population size of *E. nubimontanus* was originally estimated to be 50-100 mature individuals, but the known subpopulations were extirpated by collectors. Surveys conducted in Limpopo province show a decline from 66 plants in the 1990s, to 8 plants in 2001 and no recorded plants in 2004.

Population Decreasing trend

Conservation

Distribution area falls within part of a provincial nature reserve, but no wild plants are known to remain there.

Assessment History

Taxon assessed	Status and Criteria	Citation/Red List version
Encephalartos nubimontanus	Extinct in the Wild	Raimondo et al. (2009) P.J.H.Hurter
Encephalartos nubimontanus	Endangered	Hilton-Taylor (1996) P.J.H.Hurter

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Citation

Donaldson, J.S. 2009. Encephalartos nubimontanus P.J.H.Hurter. National Assessment: Red List of South African Plants version 2020.1. Accessed on 2021/10/15

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