

## African Plants

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### Taxonomy

<b>Scientific Name</b>	<b>Conophytum albiflorum (Rawé)</b> <b>S.A.Hammer</b>
<b>Higher Classification</b>	Dicotyledons
<b>Family</b>	AIZOACEAE
<b>Synonyms</b>	Conophytum edwardsiae Lavis var. albiflorum Rawé

### National Status

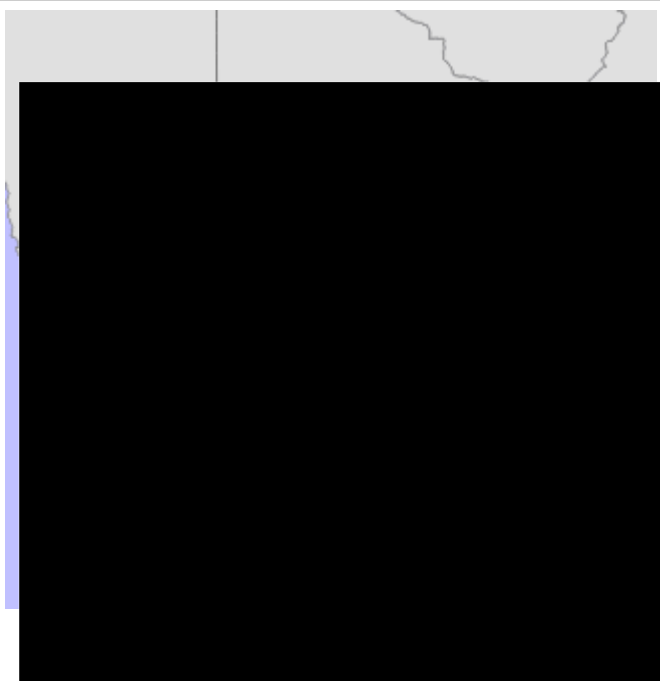
<b>Status and Criteria</b>	<b>Least Concern</b>
<b>Assessment Date</b>	2015/06/09
<b>Assessor(s)</b>	A.J. Young & D. Raimondo
<b>Justification</b>	A widespread (EOO 3326 km <sup>2</sup> ) species that is rarely recorded, but locally common in suitable habitat. It has no severe threats and is not suspected to be in danger of extinction.

### Distribution

<b>Endemism</b>	South African endemic
<b>Provincial distribution</b>	Western Cape
<b>Range</b>	Southern Namaqualand, near Komkans, southwards along the West Coast to Vredendal and Darling.

### Habitat and Ecology

<b>Major system</b>	Terrestrial
<b>Major</b>	Fynbos



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**habitats**

**Description** Shaded slopes on granite outcrops.

**Threats**

There are no known severe threats that are likely to lead to this species' extinction.

**Population**

This species is known from only a few collections, scattered over a wide area. It is possibly overlooked, as parts of its range is botanically still relatively poorly explored, and it is localized to a specialised habitat. Subpopulations are of variable size, ranging from dozens of plants in one locality to locally abundant (>1000 plants) in others. There are no severe threats to this species and the population is stable.

**Population trend** Stable

**Assessment History**

<b>Taxon assessed</b>	<b>Status and Criteria</b>	<b>Citation/Red List version</b>
Conophytum albiflorum (Rawé) S.A.Hammer	<b>Least Concernal.</b>	Raimondo et al. (2009)

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## Citation

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Young, A.J. & Raimondo, D. 2015. *Conophytum albiflorum* (Rawé) S.A.Hammer. National Assessment: Red List of South African Plants version 2020.1. Accessed on 2021/10/06

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